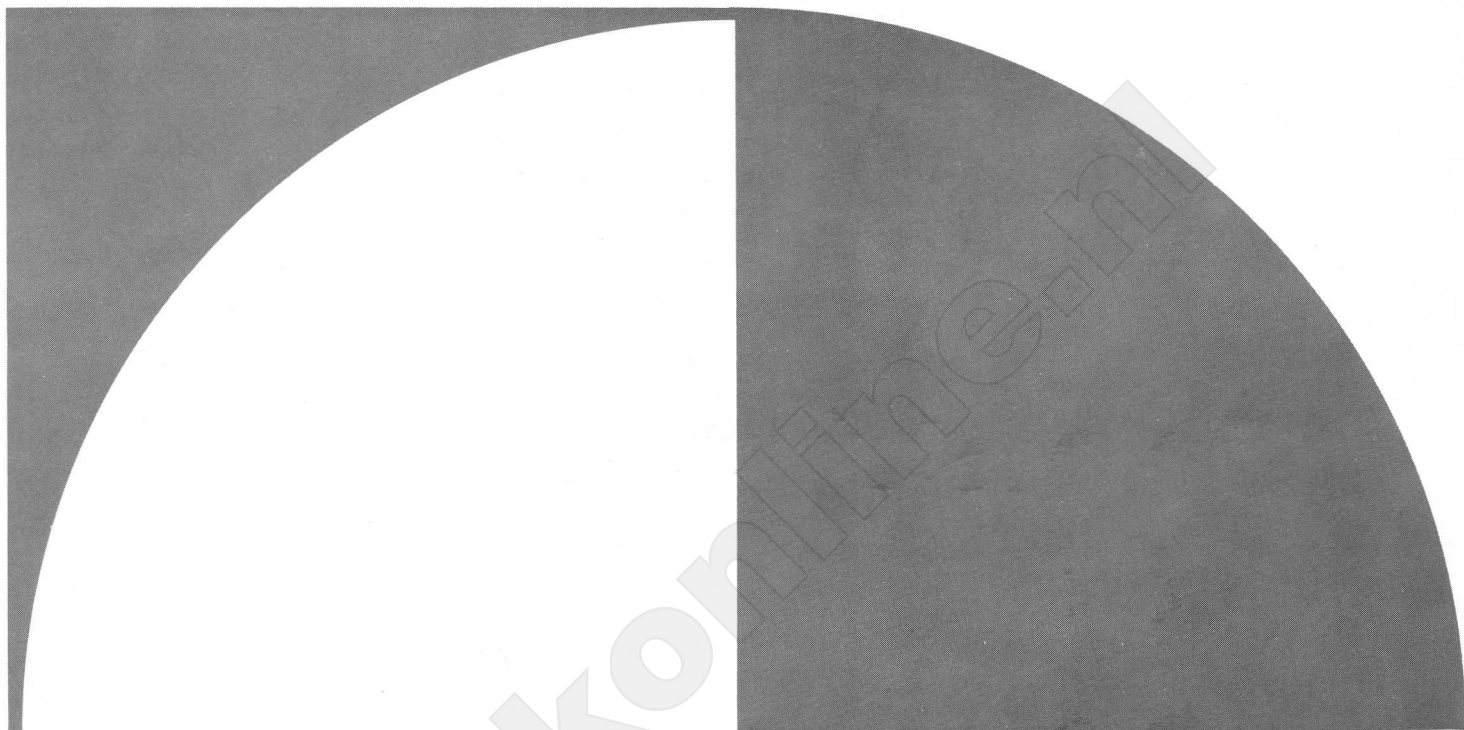


# Nakamichi 550

## Dual-Tracer The Versatile Cassette System Operating Instructions



Welcome to the Nakamichi Revolution.  
You have just purchased one of the most  
advanced cassette systems available today,  
the Nakamichi 550 Dual-Tracer.

With its newly developed Focused-Gap  
head and servo-controlled tape transport,  
the Nakamichi 550 is capable of a level  
of performance that is only exceeded by  
our own Tri-Tracer machines, the  
Nakamichi 700 and 1000.

We urge you to examine this instruction  
manual carefully. The brief time you  
spend familiarizing yourself with the  
many features and capabilities of the  
550 will not only enable you to  
appreciate the flexibility designed into it,  
but will help you secure recordings of  
outstanding quality.

[www.eskonline.nl](http://www.eskonline.nl)

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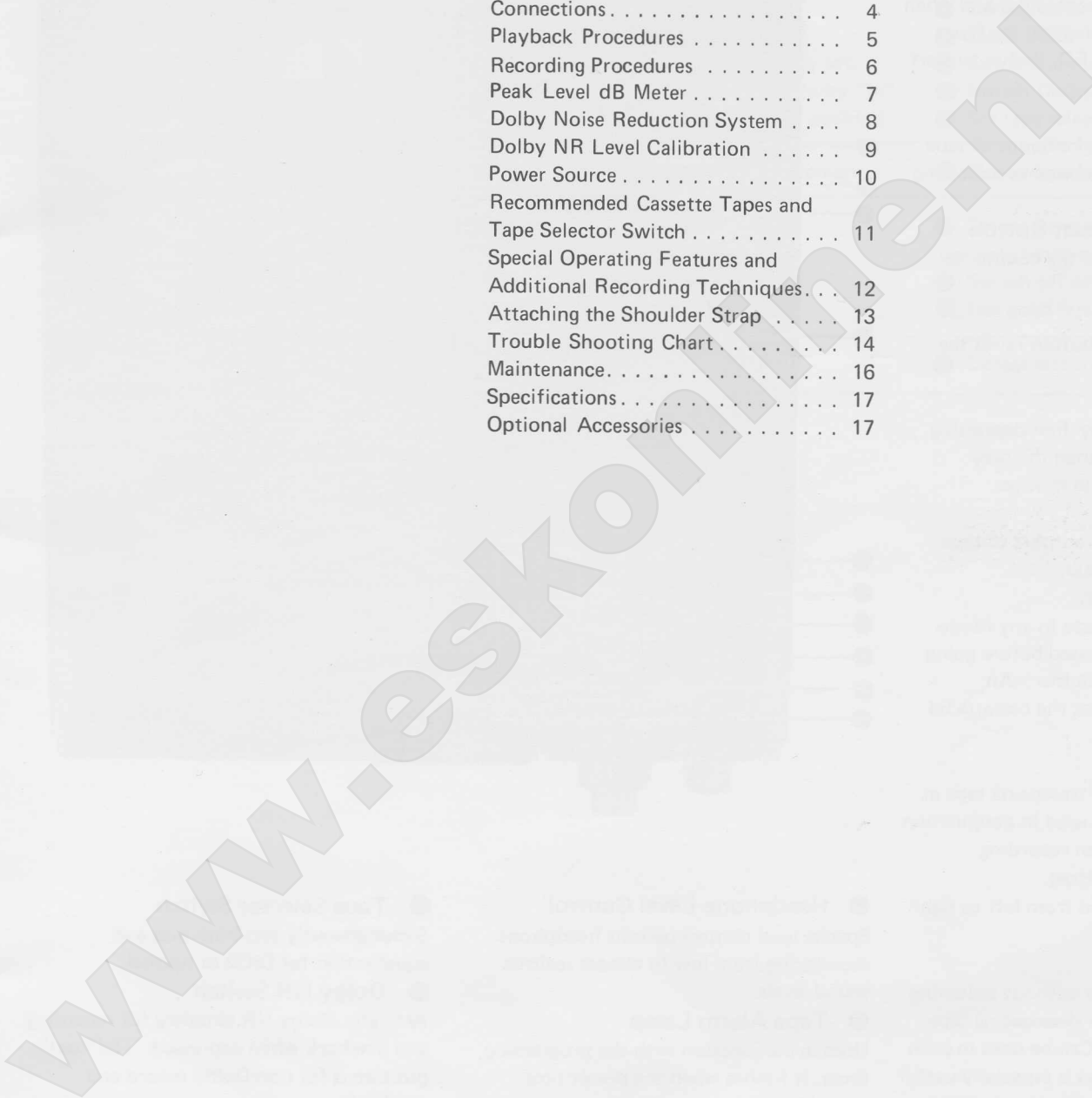
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# Control Functions

## ① Programing Timer

Set the slider to the desired program length (proposed duration of recording) and when the specified time has elapsed, the front panel Tape Alarm, an LED, flashes to alert the user.

## ② Index Counter

Provides an indication of amount of tape played and remaining, as well as indicating tape motion.

## ③ Index Counter Reset Button

When depressed it resets the counter to "000".

## ④ Cassette Lid

Pressing the eject/stop button raises the lid.

## ⑤ Record Button

Recording is initiated by first depressing the record button and then the play button which sets tape in motion.

## ⑥ Rewind Button

Used to provide rapid transport of tape from right to left reel hub.

## ⑦ Eject/Stop Button

A light pressure stops tape in any mode. It must always be depressed before going from one function to another. An additional pressure opens the cassette lid and ejects the cassette.

## ⑧ Play Button

Activates playback and transports tape at normal speed. Must be used in conjunction with record button when recording.

## ⑨ Fast Forward Button

Winds tape at high speed from left to right reel hub.

## ⑩ Pause Button

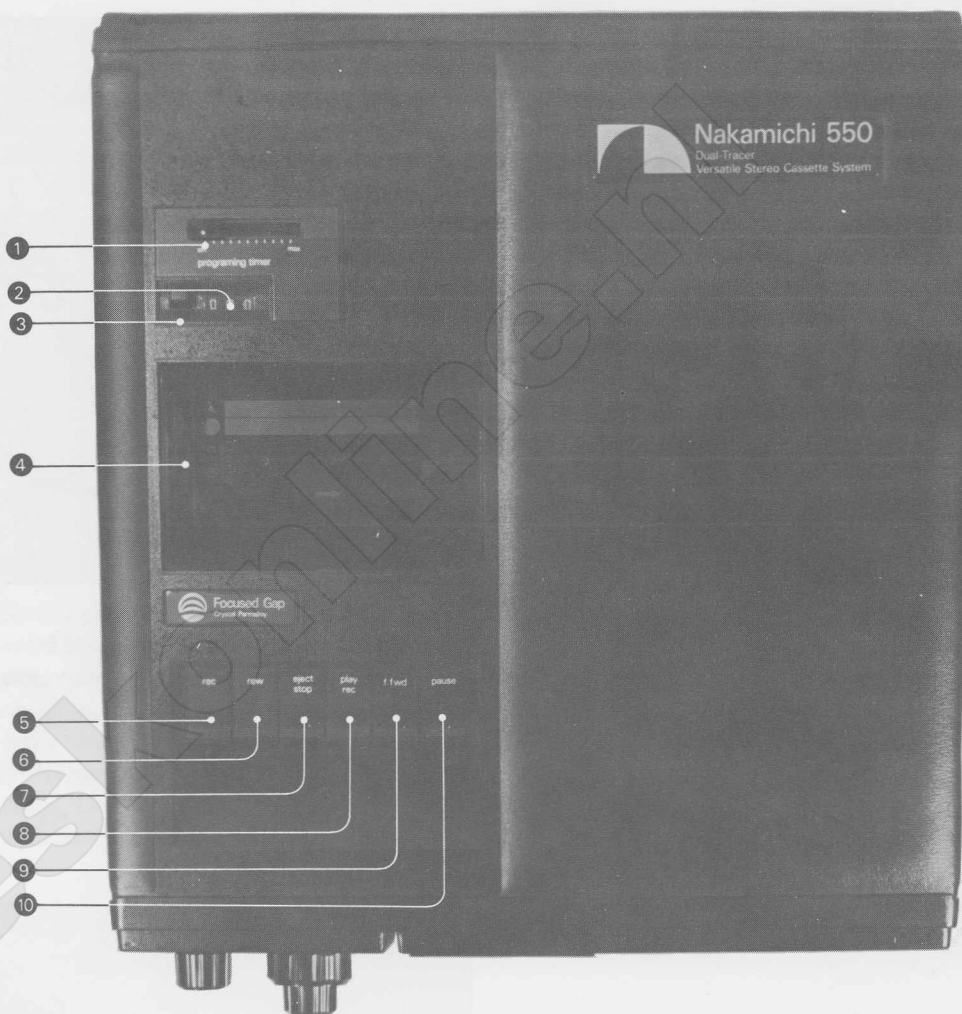
Stops tape momentarily without switching off recording circuits or disengaging tape transport mechanism. Can be used in both record and playback and is especially useful in setting record levels. First press stops tape and second starts it again.

## ⑪⑫ Input Level Controls

Controls recording levels for left and right channels individually. Also controls rear panel line inputs.

## ⑬ Blend Mic Level Control

Adjusts input level of third mic (blend) input and permits professional quality mixing.



## ⑭ Headphone Level Control

Special level control permits headphone monitoring from low to almost realistic sound levels.

## ⑮ Tape Alarm Lamp

Used in conjunction with the programing timer, it flashes when the preset time period has elapsed.

## ⑯ Headphone Jack

Accepts standard 8 ohm phones and is used for source monitoring or for playback.

## ⑰ Meter Function Switch

Normally the meters function as peak level indicators, but they may be switched to read battery condition (right) and tape footage remaining (left).

## ⑱ Tape Selector Switch

Simultaneously sets both bias and equalization for CrO<sub>2</sub> or normal.

## ⑲ Dolby NR Switch

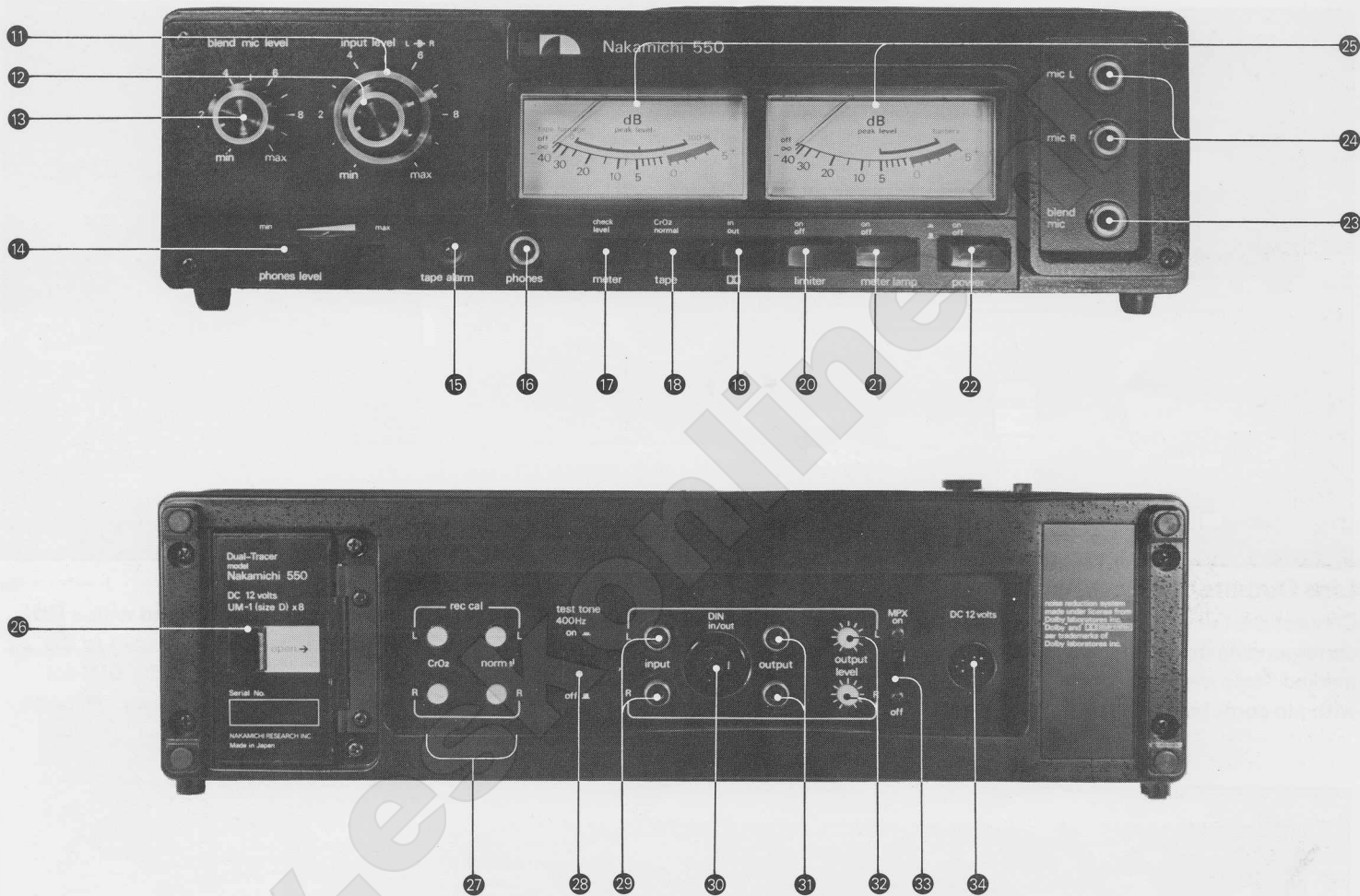
Activates Dolby NR circuitry for recording and playback when depressed. The "out" position is for non-Dolby record and playback.

## ⑳ Limiter Switch

Introduces peak limiting to prevent tape overload and distortion. Operates only on very strong signals.

## ㉑ Meter Lamp

Provides meter illumination under poor light conditions.



**22 Power On/Off Switch**

Applies power from internal batteries, car batteries or AC line (with suitable adaptor).

**23 Blend Mic Input**

**24 Mic Inputs L&R**

**25 Level Meters**

Peak reading meters with a unique -40dB to +5dB extended range. Can be switched to indicate battery condition and elapsed tape time.

**26 Battery Compartment**

Accepts eight standard "D" cells

**27 Record Calibration Controls**

Permits calibration of Dolby NR system to match characteristics of different recording tapes.

**28 Test Tone Switch**

Provides a 400Hz Dolby test tone at 0 dB reference level (refer to page 7 for use).

**29 Line Inputs**

Permits connection of amplifier or associated equipment through standard phono jacks.

**30 DIN Input/Output Socket**

Inputs and outputs may be made through standard DIN connector cord.

**31 Line Outputs**

Playback through associated high fidelity system is provided via standard phono jacks.

**32 Line Output Level Controls**

Matches output level of recorder to other components in a high fidelity system.

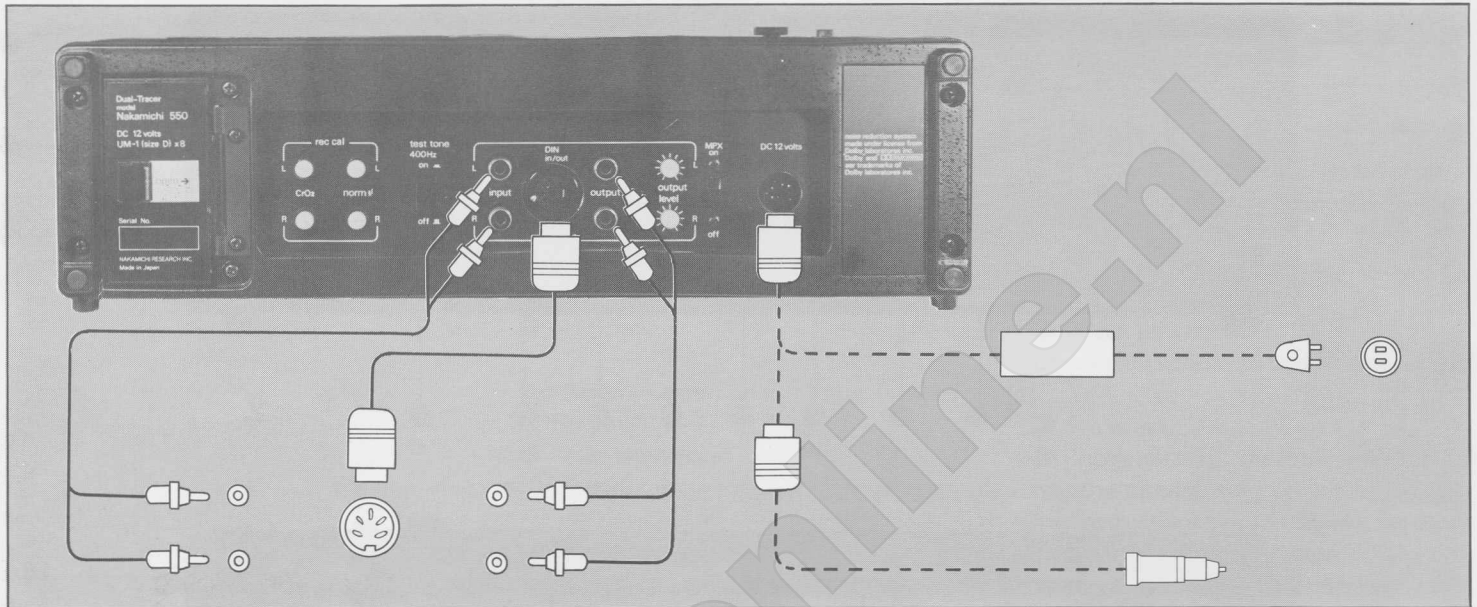
**33 MPX Filter Switch**

Should be set to "on" when recording from tuner. For all other sources it should be in off position.

**34 External Power Source Socket**

Permits recorder to be powered from car battery (12V) or AC line (adaptors provided). Internal power supply is automatically disconnected.

# Connections



## Line Outputs

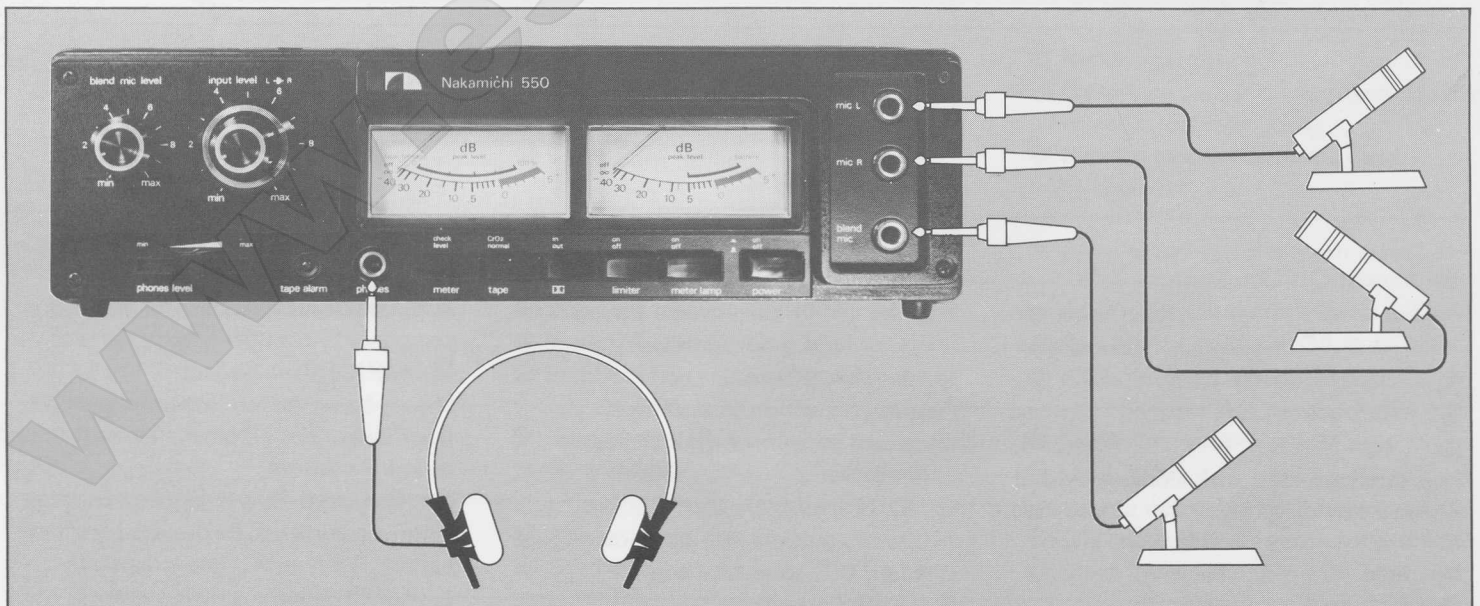
Connect the line outputs (L&R) to the corresponding inputs of your amplifier marked "tape monitor" or "auxiliary" with pin cords provided.

## Line Inputs

Connect the line inputs to the tape recording outputs of your amplifier with pin cords provided.

## DIN Connector Socket

If your amplifier is equipped with a DIN connector, it may be connected to the recorder with the appropriate DIN cord. If DIN cord is used, do not use pin cords or vice versa.

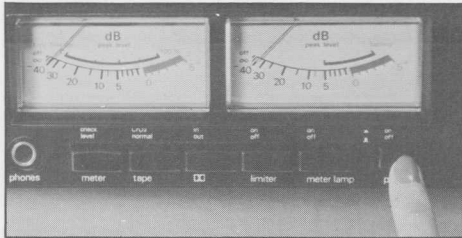


## Microphones and Headphones

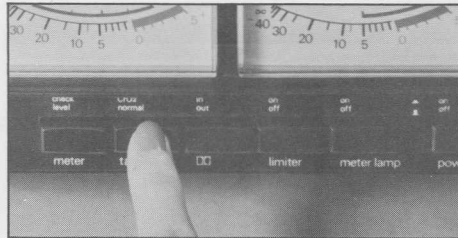
The above illustration shows how to connect a pair of microphones for stereo recording, as well as the blend microphone. Microphones should be of good quality with an output impedance of 600 ohms.

Stereo headphones with an 8 ohm impedance may be connected as shown. Output is controlled by adjacent headphone level control.

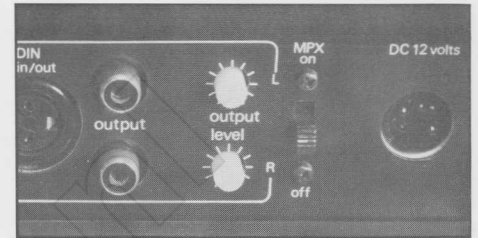
# Playback Procedures



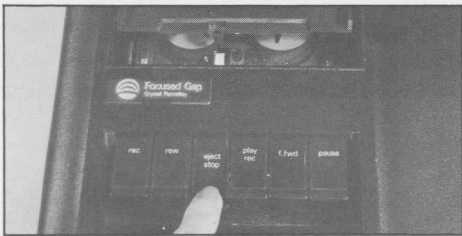
1 Turn unit on by depressing power switch.



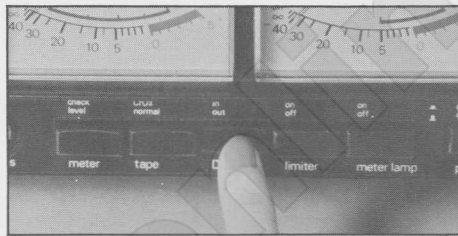
5 Set tape selector switch for either CrO2 or normal.



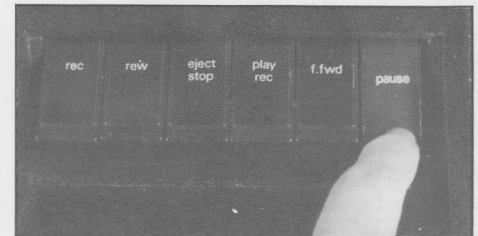
9 If recorder is used in conjunction with high fidelity system, set output levels at rear of recorder to match level of associated equipment.



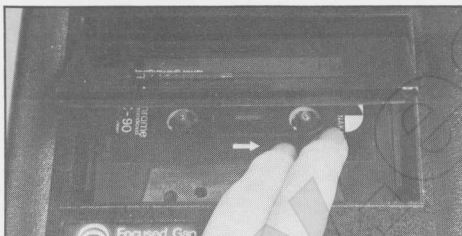
2 Push eject/stop button all the way down to open cassette compartment.



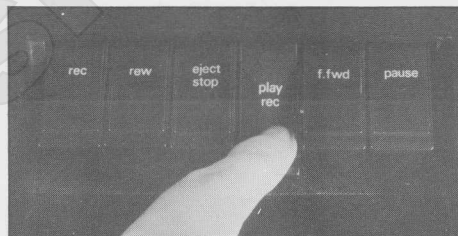
6 If tape has been processed through Dolby NR circuitry, set Dolby switch to "in".



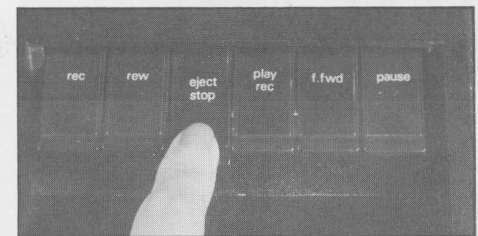
10 Playback may be momentarily interrupted by pressing pause button. To resume playback, press again.



3 Insert cassette with open end facing front and the full reel of tape on lefthand side.



7 Depress play button to set tape in motion.



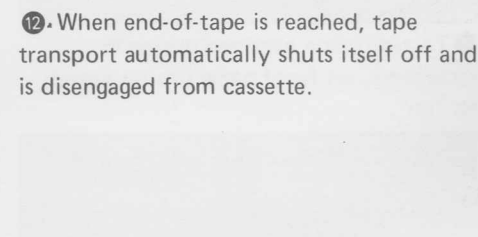
11 To stop tape push eject/stop button down. Further pressure on the button will eject cassette.



4 Press lid down until it locks in place.



8 Adjust headphone level control to suitable volume.



12. When end-of-tape is reached, tape transport automatically shuts itself off and is disengaged from cassette.

# Recording Procedures

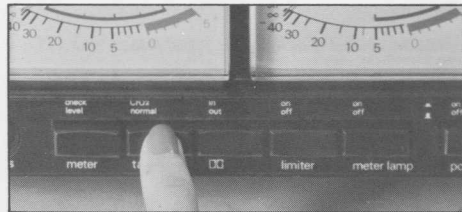
## Additional Recording Techniques



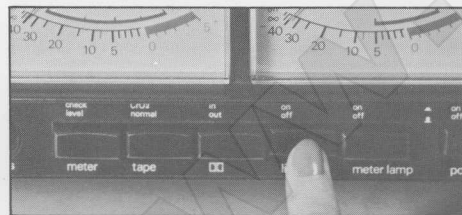
1 Set power switch to "on" and push eject/stop button all the way down to open cassette compartment.



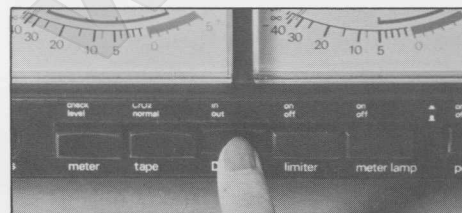
2 Insert cassette with open end facing front and the full reel of tape on lefthand side. Close lid.



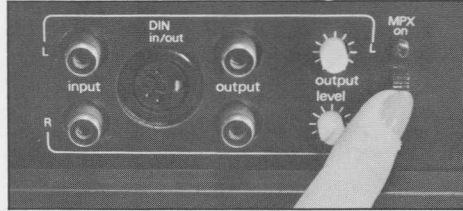
3 Set tape selector switch for either CrO2 or normal.



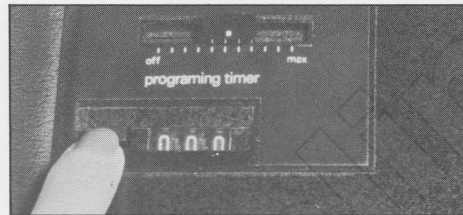
4 To avoid tape overload during live recordings, set front panel limiter switch to "on".



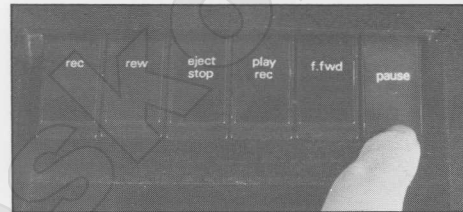
5 Set Dolby switch to "in" to activate noise reduction circuitry. Refer to Dolby NR calibration procedures.



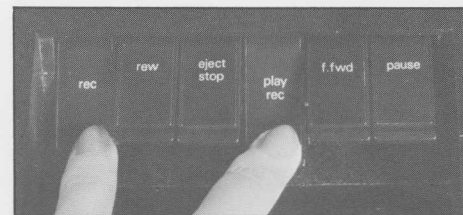
6 When recording FM stereo broadcasts set rear panel MPX switch to "on".



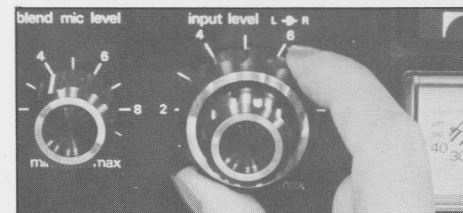
7 Reset index counter to "000" by depressing reset button.



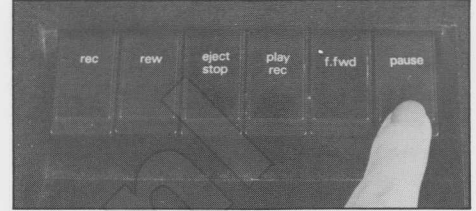
8 Depress pause button.



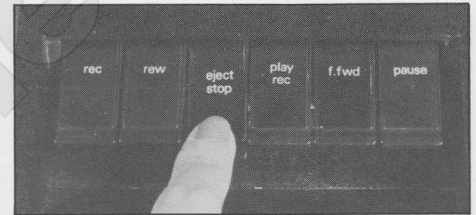
9 Place in record mode by depressing both record and play buttons.



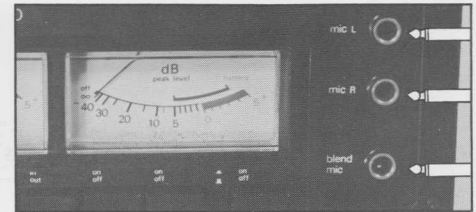
10 Adjust input level controls to read 0 dB during loudest passages.



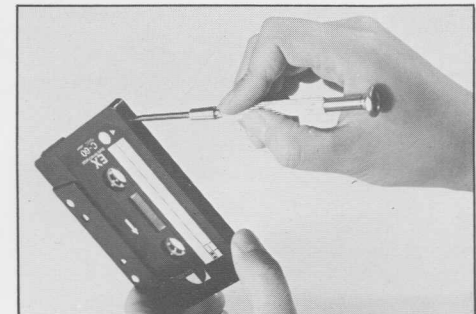
11 When levels have been set, press pause button to start recording.



12 At conclusion of recording depress stop button.



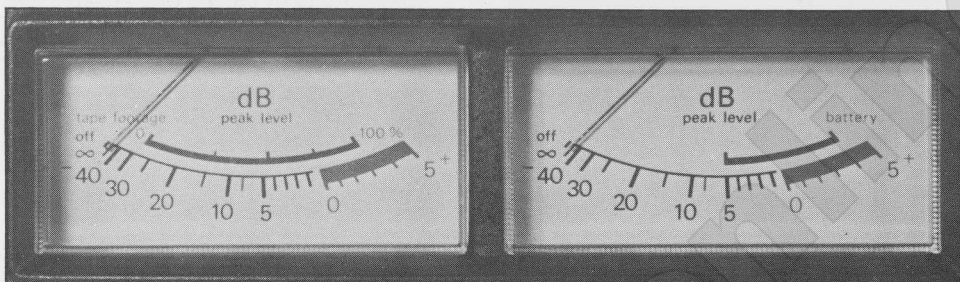
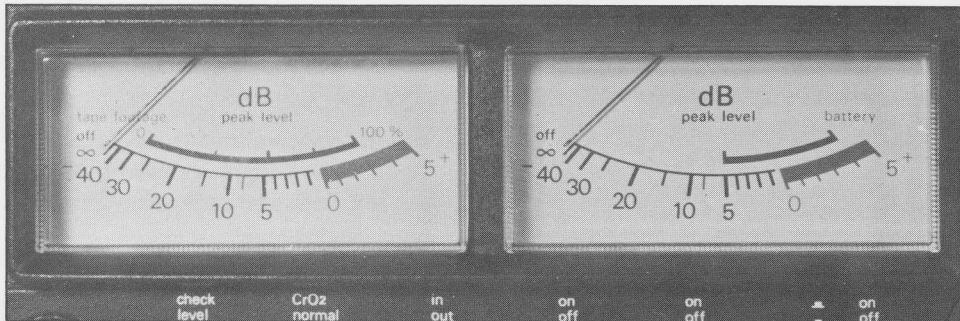
13 When mics are plugged in, line inputs are automatically disconnected. For the best possible signal to noise ratio the mic inputs are shorted in the absence of a microphone.



To preserve valuable recordings break off the tabs at the rear of the cassette housing, as illustrated. The lefthand tab affects side A (1) and the righthand tab side B (2). This procedure activates the recorders built-in record safety interlock and prevents accidental re-recording.

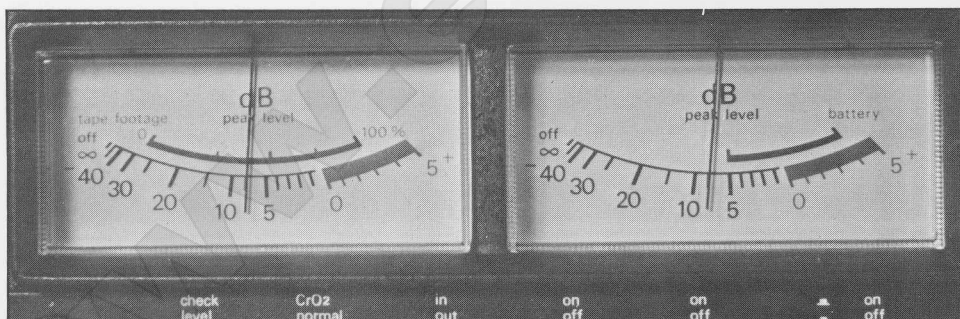


# Peak Level dB Meter



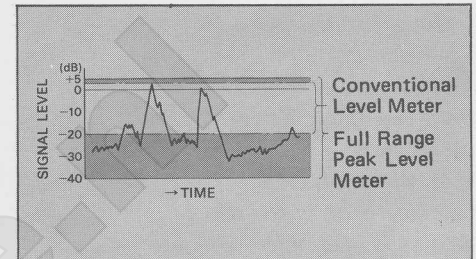
The extraordinary dynamic range of the Nakamichi 550 Dual-Tracer permits the use of 45 dB (-40 dB to +5 dB) peak reading meters. These professional full-range meters (which are exclusive with Nakamichi) have a very fast attack time and a slow release time. Thus they more

accurately reflect true signal conditions and are extremely helpful in preventing tape overload during live recording sessions. When the recorder is switched on, the meters advance from "off" to the position marked "∞".



The -8 dB position on the meter is marked in red. This marking corresponds to 0 dB on a two track 15 ips open reel recorder and should be used as a reference point when making transfers from such a machine to the Nakamichi 550. Since the tape saturation point of the open reel machine is higher than that of the cassette recorder, the lower level setting on the 550 will enable you to avoid the distortion which would result if you did not compensate for the different tape saturation levels.

In those instances where the signal level of the original is very low, the level control on the Nakamichi 550 may be advanced to improve the signal-to-noise ratio.

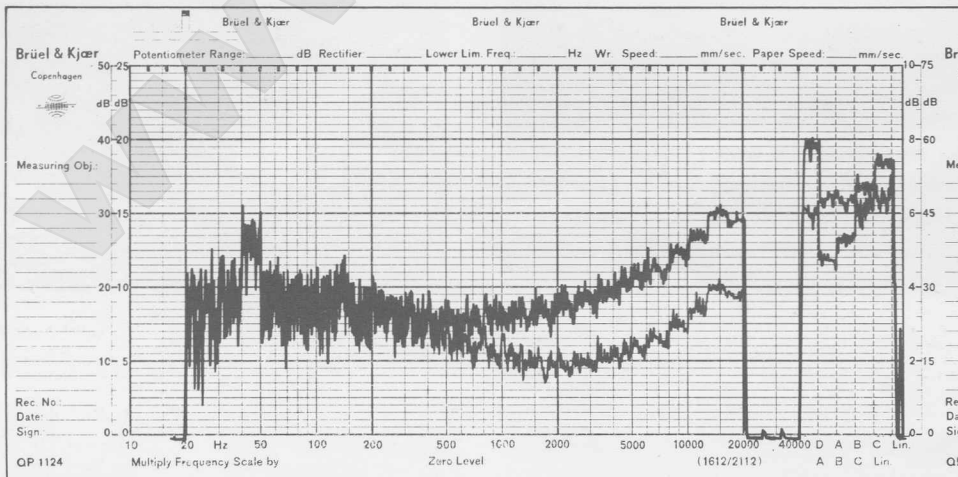
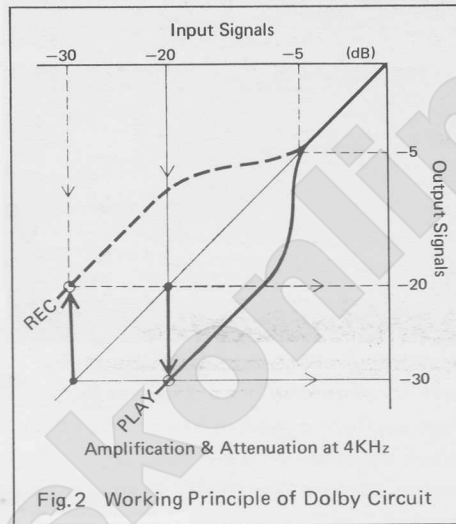
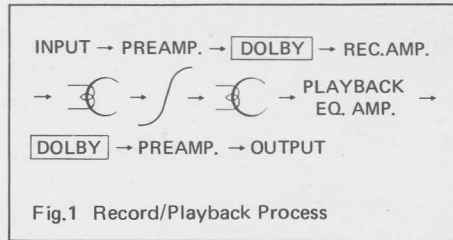


A conventional VU meter which doesn't respond to signal levels below -20 dB cannot indicate the presence of a true pianissimo at -35 dB. However, the Nakamichi's Peak Level meter will not only accurately reflect these low level signals, but will also respond instantaneously to large amplitude signals.

# The Dolby Noise Reduction System

In addition to its exceptionally quiet electronics, the Nakamichi 550 Dual-Tracer incorporates the Dolby NR System (under license from Dolby Laboratories, Inc.). The Dolby System is a complementary noise reduction system. Unlike playback-only devices, which even in their most sophisticated form must alter the characteristics of the material, the Dolby System is used before and after the recording. The process selects the quietest signals during recording (under -5 dB), where noise might be heard and subtly increases their level automatically. Loud signals are not processed in any way. During playback, the low level components are reduced by an exactly complementary amount. Thus the original signal dynamics are re-established exactly, and at the same time most of the noise introduced during the recording process is eliminated.

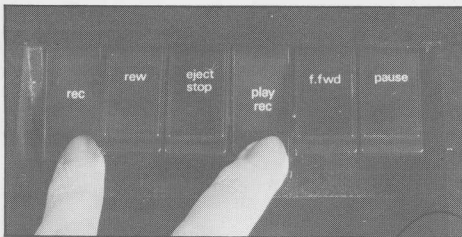
In this way, an improvement of up to 10 dB in the signal-to-noise ratio may be realized. Recordings made with the Dolby System are unusually clean and transparent and emerge from a background of velvety silence. In fact, they compare favorably, in most respects, with recordings made on professional reel-to-reel machines. Commercially processed Dolby cassettes, as well as those made on other Dolby equipped machines can be reproduced on the Nakamichi 550.



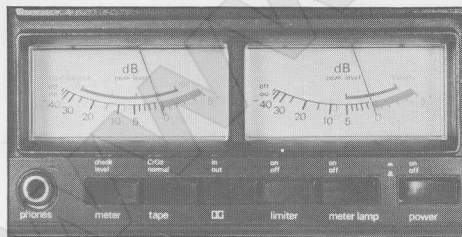
# Dolby NR Level Calibration

The Dolby circuits of the Nakamichi 550 have been set at the factory to provide optimum performance with the recommended tapes. However, different tapes require different settings. Therefore, the 550 provides a simple means for re-adjusting these settings when necessary.

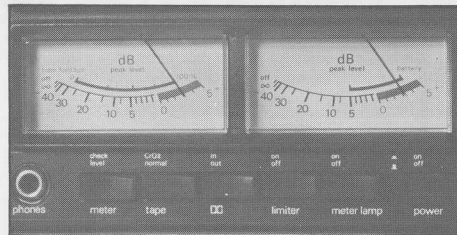
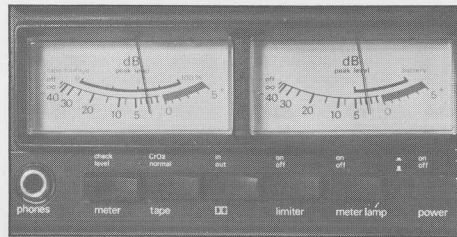
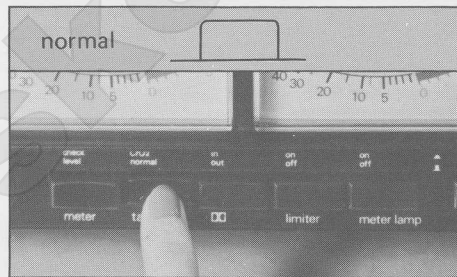
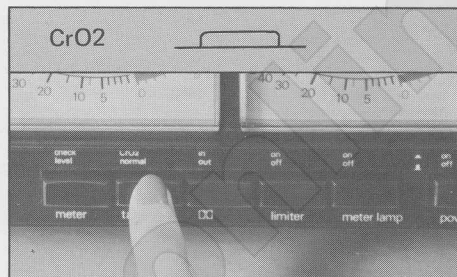
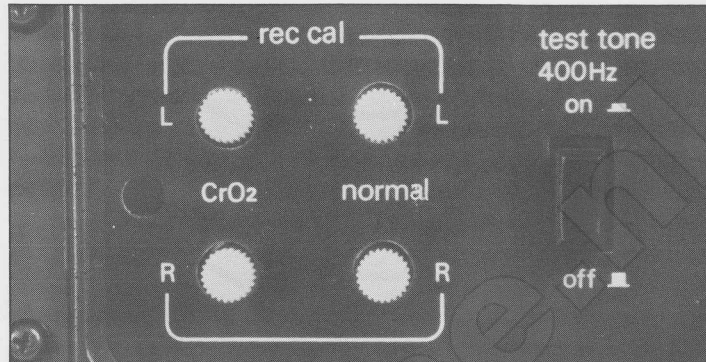
- 1 Set front panel Dolby switch to "in" and tape selector switch to appropriate position.



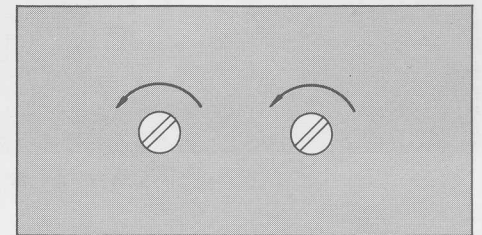
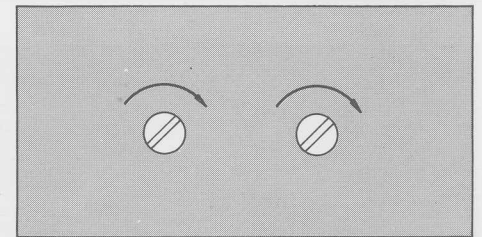
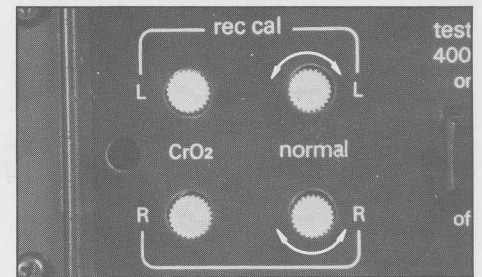
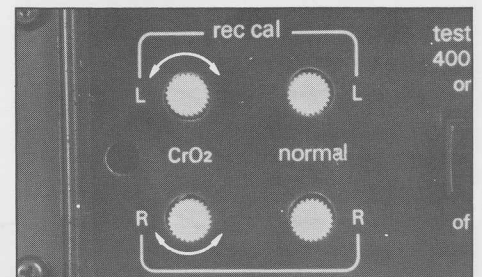
- 2 Insert cassette in cassette compartment, lower lid and press Pause button. Depress 400 Hz Dolby test tone button on rear panel of recorder. RESET index counter to "000". Place machine in record mode.



- 3 Record test tone for 15 seconds. Stop machine and rewind. Playback recorded test tone and note meter reading. If it varies from 0 dB, the rear panel calibration controls should be adjusted as follows.

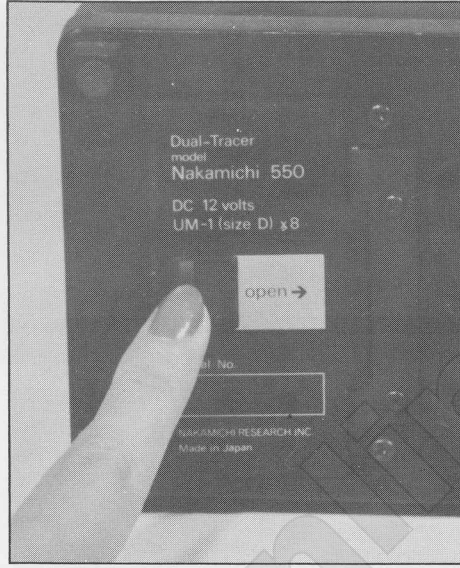
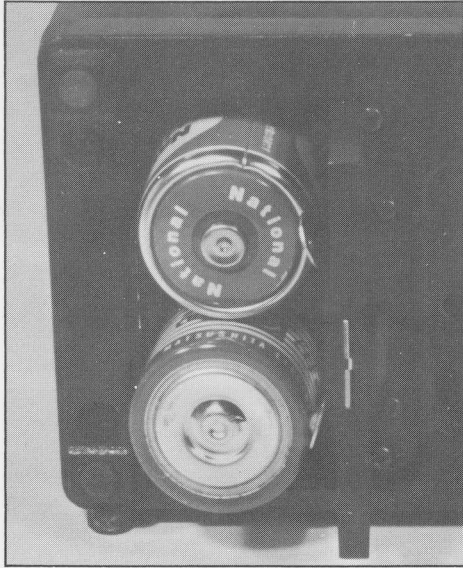


- 4 If level is below 0 dB, rotate appropriate calibration control clockwise. If meter reads high, rotate control counter clockwise.



- 5 Repeat procedure for each channel until both meters read 0dB. Do not forget to turn off 400 Hz test tone.

# Power Sources



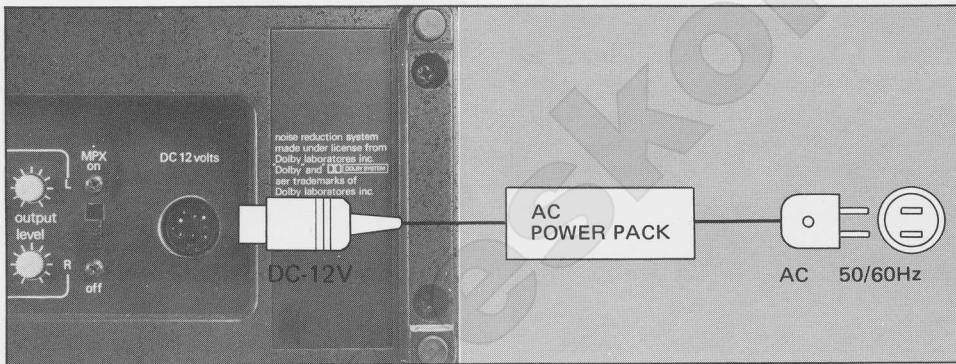
## Battery Compartment

Open battery compartment on recorder's rear panel. Inside the compartment is a diagram. Please observe indicated polarity before carefully inserting the eight "D" cell batteries called for. Normal flashlight or alkaline batteries may be used.

## Battery Life

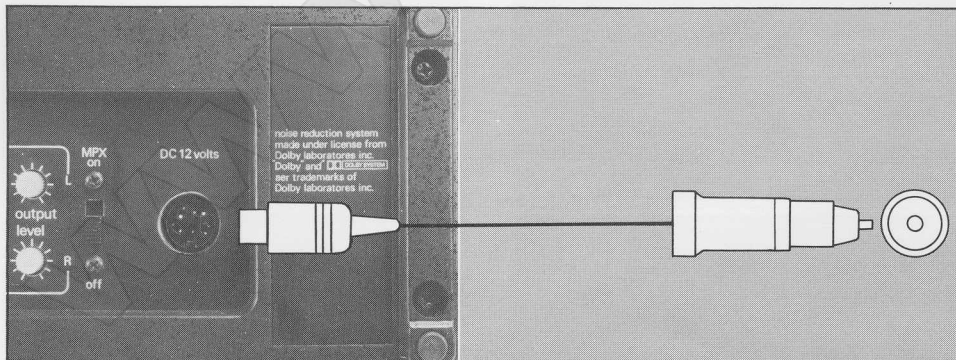
Up to 15 hours of continuous use is possible with a fresh set of batteries. Intermittent use will provide correspondingly longer life.

If recorder is not used for a long time or is used primarily on AC current, it is advisable to remove batteries to avoid possible leakage.



## AC Operation

The Nakamichi 550 comes equipped with an external AC power supply. If you wish to run the recorder off AC, plug end of adaptor with four prong plug into rear panel socket marked DC 12V and the other end into any convenient AC outlet.



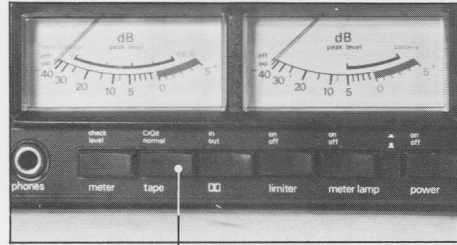
## Car or Boat Battery Operation

A separate adaptor permitting operation from 12V car or boat batteries is also provided. To use, plug four prong plug into rear panel DC 12V socket and the other end into cigarette lighter socket of car or boat.

# Recommended Cassette Tapes and Tape Selector Switch

The tape selector switch of the Nakamichi 550 Dual-Tracer has been specially designed to change both bias and equalization at the same time. It can be set for either "Normal" (high-density, low noise) or "CrO2" tapes.

To realize the full potential of your 550 Dual-Tracer, we recommend that you use the following cassette tapes.



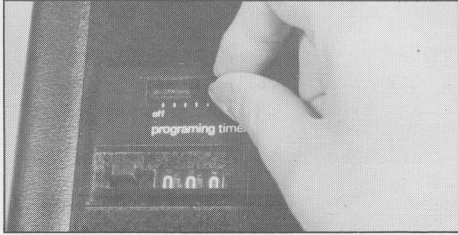
Tape Selector SW

Position of Tape Selector Switch	Brand	Type or Model
<p>CrO2</p>	<p>Nakamichi TDK SONY</p>	<p>Chrome      C-60, C-90 KR            C-60, C-90 CRO          C-60, C-90</p>
<p>Normal</p>	<p>Nakamichi Maxell</p>	<p>EX            C-60, C-90 UD            C-46, C-60, C-90</p>

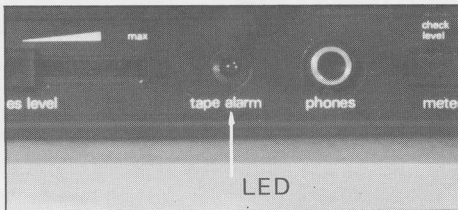
# Special Operating Features

## Additional Recording Techniques

### Programming Timer

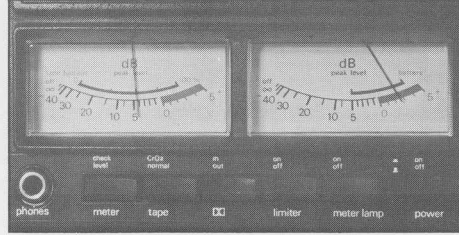


1 This unique feature permits you to program recorder operation for a predetermined time period.



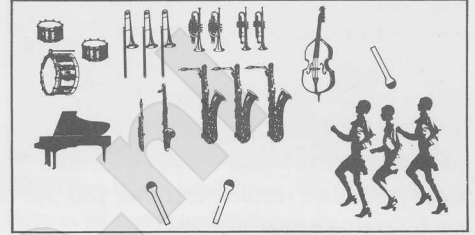
2 For example, if slider control is moved to mid-point setting, the recorder will operate for 15 minutes with a C60 cassette (22.5 minutes with a C90), before the front panel tape alarm (LED) signals the elapsed time.

### Tape Footage and Battery Indicators

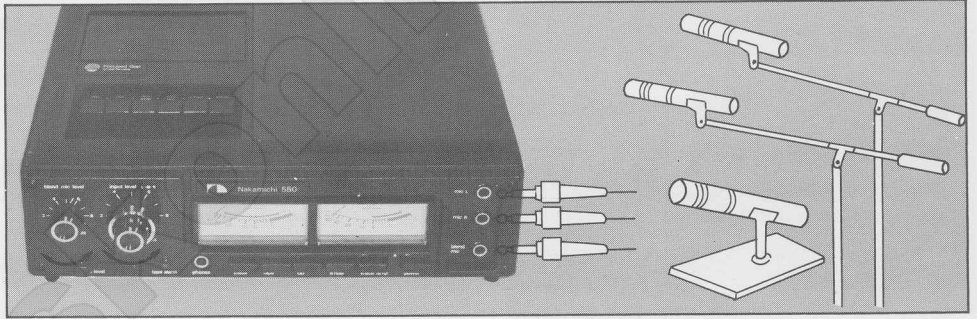


When the front panel meter switch is depressed, the right channel meter indicates battery condition, while the left channel meter shows the amount of tape (percentage) remaining.

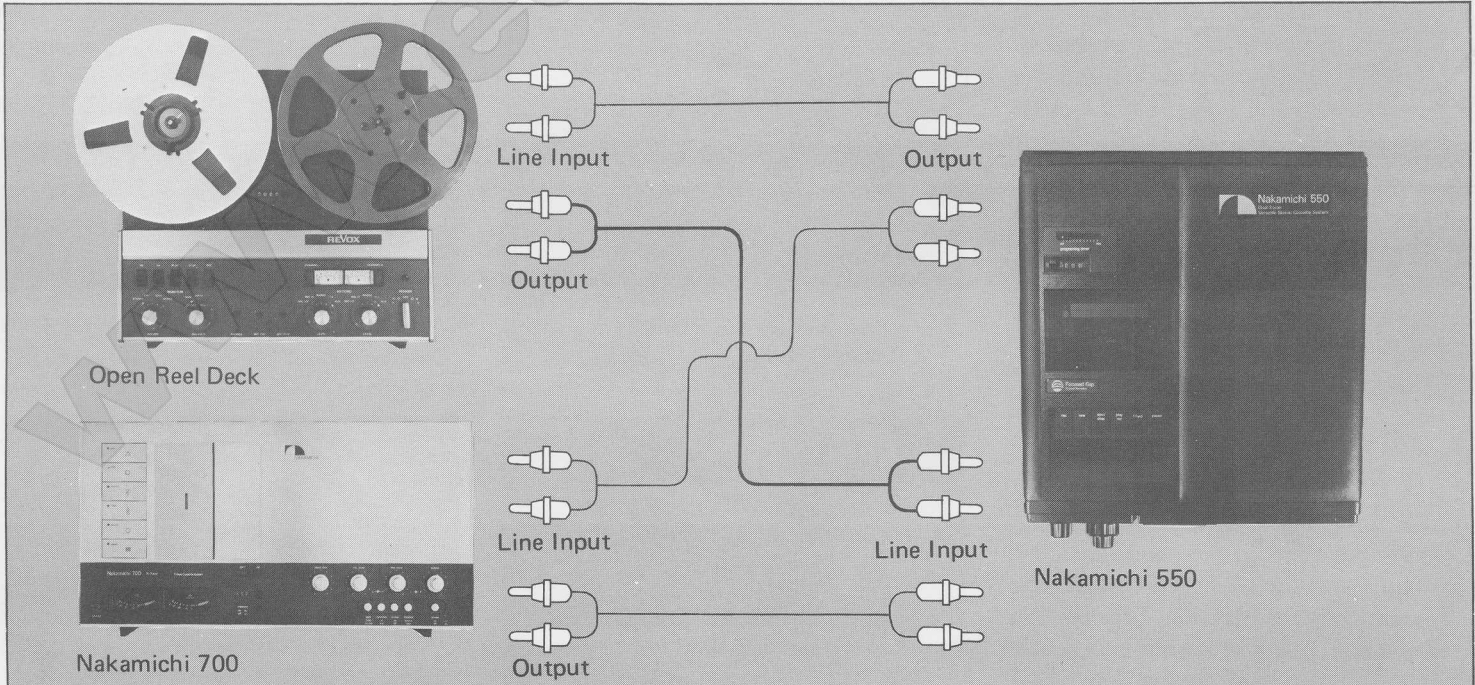
### Three Point Mic Input



In addition to the standard (L&R) mic inputs, a third blend mic input is available. Each input has its own level control, thus permitting professional quality mixing. The blend mic is particularly useful for highlighting solo instruments and voices.



### Additional Recording Techniques

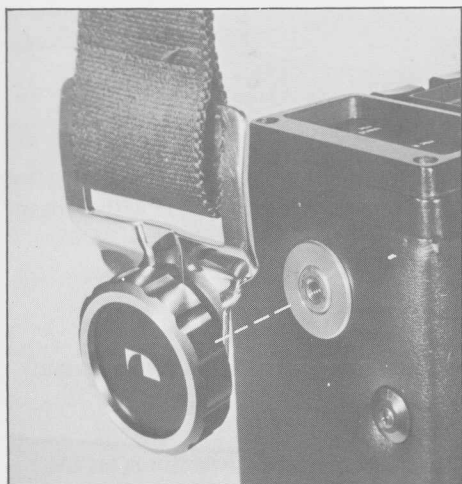


**Direct Copying from Tape to Tape**  
The exceptional performance capabilities of the Nakamichi 550 Dual-Tracer make it

possible to achieve nearly perfect transfers from reel-to-reel and high quality cassette decks such as our own 700 and 1000

Tri-Tracers. Please refer to Peak Level Meter section for more information.

# Attaching The Shoulder Strap



For in-the-field recording, it is suggested that you use the shoulder strap provided with the Nakamichi 550. The strap has been designed for simple, convenient attachment.



To attach strap, insert large threaded knob into bushing on either side of recorder and screw in firmly. Repeat operation on other side of recorder.

The length of the strap may be altered by sliding chrome buckle up or down.



When used on a table or other flat surface, you may find it convenient to tilt the front panel of the recorder up slightly. To do so, rotate the chrome flange, to which strap is attached, so that flange acts as a stand (see illustration). Tuck strap underneath recorder.

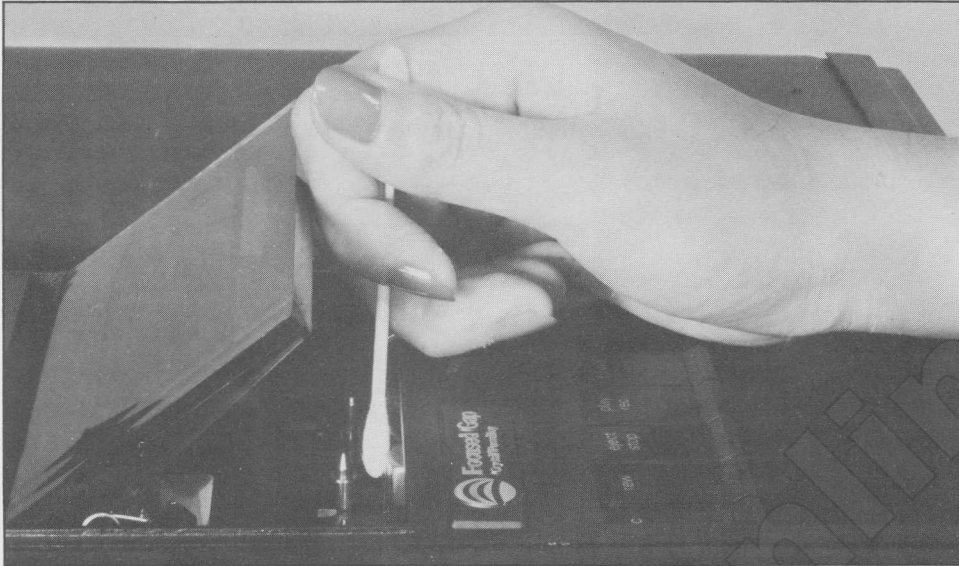
# Trouble Shooting Chart

Symptom	Probable Cause	Remedy
Tape transport inoperative (1)	<p>Battery Operation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① No power</li> <li>② No batteries</li> <li>③ Polarity reversed</li> <li>④ Batteries run down</li> </ul> <p>AC Operation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① No power</li> </ul> <p>Car Battery Operation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① No power</li> <li>② Polarity reversed</li> <li>③ Adaptor fuse blown</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Check power switch</li> <li>② Install batteries</li> <li>③ Check battery diagram, install properly.</li> <li>④ Check battery condition with built-in meter. Replace if necessary.</li> <li>① Check power switch. Check connections to and from adaptor.</li> <li>① See above</li> <li>② Check polarity. Adaptor is set for negative ground. See instructions printed on adaptor.</li> <li>③ See instructions on adaptor.</li> </ul>
Tape transport inoperative (2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Tape loose inside cassette.</li> <li>② Lid not securely closed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Remove and rewind by hand.</li> <li>② Eject cassette and reinsert carefully.</li> </ul>
Record button will not depress.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Cassette not loaded</li> <li>② Cassette tab bent or broken</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Insert cassette</li> <li>② Replace cassette or cover tab hole with masking tape.</li> </ul>
Excessive noise in playback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Head magnetized</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Demagnetize head and tape path.</li> </ul>
Excessive wow and flutter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Defective cassette</li> <li>② Head, capstan or pinch roller dirty</li> <li>③ Cassette lid defective</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Replace cassette</li> <li>② Clean tape path including head, capstan, pinch roller and tape guides.</li> <li>③ Replace (see warranty and repair instructions).</li> </ul>
Incomplete erasure of previous recording	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Dirty erase head</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Clean erase head and pinch roller.</li> </ul>
Distortion in record and playback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Distorted input signal</li> <li>② Record level too high.</li> <li>③ Incorrect bias and equalization setting</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Check source</li> <li>② Reduce input level</li> <li>③ Check position of tape selector switch.</li> </ul>
Won't record	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Wrong connection</li> <li>② Dirty record head</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Check connections</li> <li>② Clean head</li> </ul>
Won't playback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Wrong connection</li> <li>② Head dirty</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Check connection</li> <li>② Clean thoroughly</li> </ul>



Symptom	Probable Cause	Remedy
Won't record high frequencies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Head magnetized</li> <li>② Head dirty</li> <li>③ Tape selector switch improperly set.</li> <li>④ Non-Dolby tape played with Dolby "in"</li> <li>⑤ Normal tape recorded in CrO2 position</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Demagnetize</li> <li>② Clean head</li> <li>③ Check and correct</li> <li>④ Switch Dolby out</li> <li>⑤ Set tape selector switch to normal</li> </ol>
Loud hum in record and playback	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Hum induced by adjacent equipment</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Move recorder away from hum field</li> </ol>
Batteries run down too quickly	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Meter lights have been left on</li> <li>② Power switch left on</li> <li>③ Old batteries or poor quality</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Set meter switch to off; use only when necessary</li> <li>② Switch off when not in use</li> <li>③ Use good quality, fresh batteries</li> </ol>
Oscillating noise during recording	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Test tone switch left on.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Defeat test tone</li> </ol>

# Maintenance



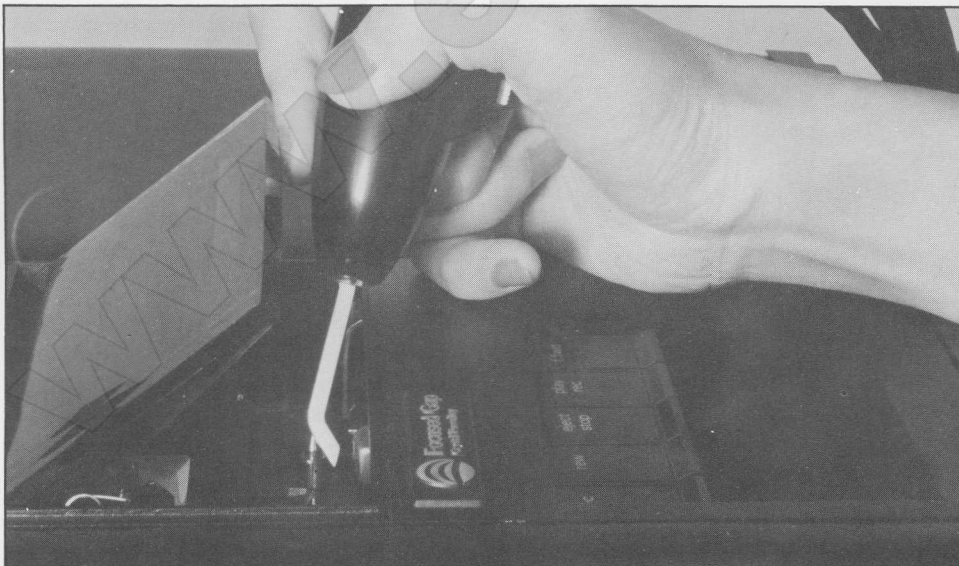
## Head Cleaning

To maintain optimum performance, it is vital that the tape path and especially the heads be kept scrupulously clean.

The heads should be cleaned periodically along with the pinch roller and capstan shaft. A special cleaning kit is provided for that purpose.

Simple preventive maintenance will help avoid all of the problems associated with dirty heads, such as reduced high frequency response, drop outs, increased wow and flutter and generally degraded performance.

Note: Do not clean or touch head surfaces with hard or metallic objects.



## Demagnetizing

It is normal for tape heads to become slightly magnetized after prolonged use. Therefore, it is recommended that the heads, as well as the other metal parts in the tape path, be demagnetized at least

once every 50 hours of use. To avoid scratching heads, it is advisable to cover the probe of the demagnetizer with plastic tape.

## Lubrication

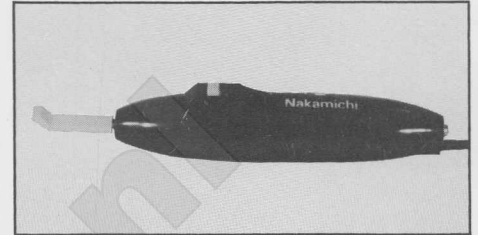
The bearings of the Nakamichi 550 are self lubricating and do not require any additional lubrication.

# Specifications

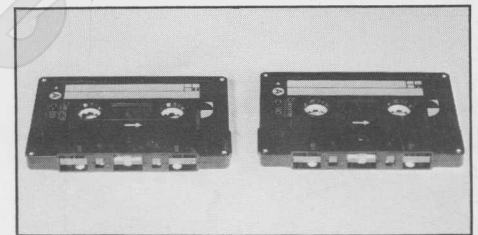
# Optional Accessories

Power Supply . . . . .	DC 12V (D Size Dry Battery x 8, Car Battery, AC with AC pack)
Tape Speed . . . . .	1-7/8 ips $\pm$ 1.5%
Wow Flutter . . . . .	0.13% WTD Peak
Frequency Response . . . . .	40-17,000Hz $\pm$ 3 dB (High Density Low Noise tape)
	40-16,000Hz $\pm$ 3 dB (CrO2 tape)
Signal to Noise Ratio. . . . .	Better than 60 dB (Dolby In Wrms CCITT 400 Hz 3% Distortion)
Total Harmonic Distortion . . . . .	Less than 2% (1 KHz 0 dB)
Erasure . . . . .	Better than 60 dB (1 KHz 0 dB)
Channel Separation . . . . .	Better than 35 dB (1 KHz 0 dB)
Cross Talk . . . . .	Better than 60 dB (1 KHz 0 dB)
Bias Frequency . . . . .	105 KHz
Input . . . . .	Mic . . . . . 0.2 mV 600 ohm (-72 dBm)
	Line . . . . . 70 mV 150 K ohm
Output . . . . .	Line . . . . . 580 mV
	Headphone . . . . . 100 mW (1 KHz 0 dB)
Battery Life . . . . .	15 Hrs (Continuous use)
Size . . . . .	12-1/4" (W) x 3-1/2 (H) x 13-3/4 (D)
	311 m/m (W) x 89 m/m (H)
	x 350 m/m (D)
Weight . . . . .	11-1/4 lbs (5.1 Kg) (Without Batteries)

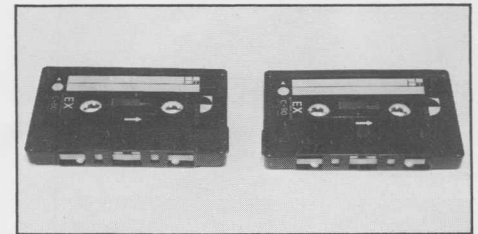
- Specifications and appearance designs are subject to change for further improvement without notice.
- Dolby NR under license from Dolby Laboratories Inc.



Head Demagnetizer



CrO2 Cassette Tape C-60, C-90



EX Cassette Tape C-60, C-90

www.esonline.com

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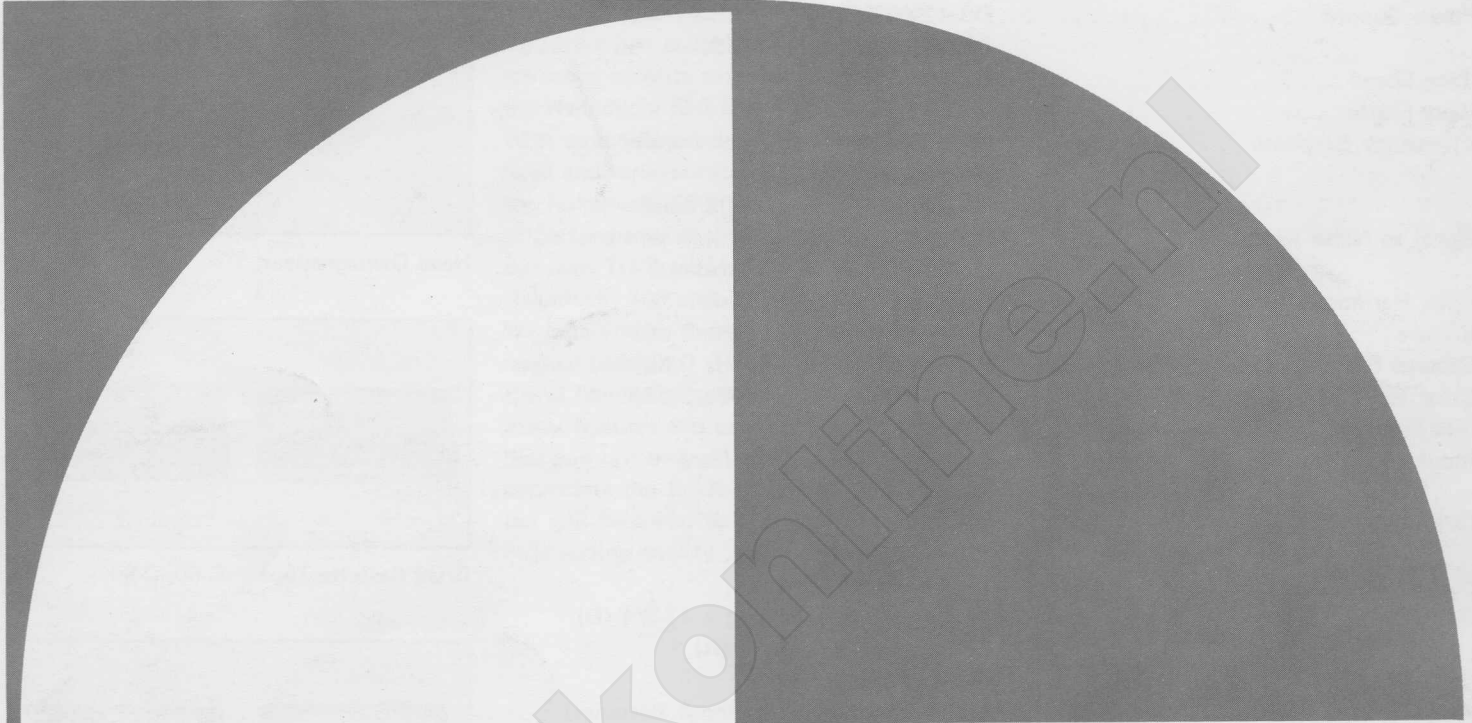
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